FHBRO HERITAGE CHARACTER STATEMENT
TAKAKKAW FALLS WARDEN PATROL CABIN, YOHO NATIONAL PARK, BC

FHBRO number: 00-01
DFRP number: 18730
Resource name: Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin
Address: Yoho National Park, British Columbia
FHBRO status: "Recognized" Federal Heritage Building
Construction: 1935
Designer: Department of the Interior, National Parks Branch, Engineering Service
Original function: Patrol cabin and warden’s residence (until late 1960s)
Current function: Seasonal patrol cabin
Modifications: Installation of metal chimney, milled roof rafters, cedar shingle roof and poured concrete foundation (1977), and interior partition and loft.
Custodian: Parks Canada

Reasons for Designation

The Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin is a "Recognized" Federal Heritage Building because of its historical associations, and its architectural and environmental values:

Historical value:
The Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin is associated with the National Park Warden Service and the enforcement of wildlife and forest protection, as well as the development of tourism in Canada’s National Parks. Designed to provide overnight accommodation for the warden and his horse, the Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin was built along one of the patrol trails which formed part of the back-country transportation and communication network established by the National Park Warden Service to enforce fish and game regulations, and fight forest fires within the park’s boundaries. The Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin was constructed in response to the increased tourist excursions and mountaineering expeditions up the Yoho Valley which necessitated increased warden surveillance patrols in the area, and served as a year-round warden’s residence for a number of years due to the extensive recreational activities associated with the Yoho Valley Bungalow Camp operation.

Architectural value:
A modest example of the standard warden patrol cabin designed by James T. Childe in 1918, the Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin is a simple, well-proportioned, rectangular log structure with a gable roof, a deep porch overhang supported on log posts, an asymmetrically placed entrance door, and twelve-light windows located on all four elevations. Constructed of natural, local materials, the Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin is a well-crafted, horizontal log building with saddle-notched corners, and is a good example of the rustic style of architecture.

Environmental value:
The Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin is set in the picturesque and popular recreational area centered around the Takakkaw Falls. Despite the fact that the cabin was relocated a short distance to its current site in 1977, this rustic log cabin continues to reinforce the natural beauty of the area.
Character-Defining Elements

The following character-defining elements of the Takakkaw Falls Warden Patrol Cabin should be respected:

Its role as an illustration of the National Park Warden Service and the enforcement of wildlife and forest protection in an era of patrols made on horseback, as well as the development of tourism in Canada’s National Parks is reflected in:

· the building’s rustic aesthetic and form which was part of the architectural character of Canada’s national park facilities from the 1880s until the end of the Second World War.

Its rustic style, indigenous building methods and local materials as manifested in:

· the simple, well-proportioned rectangular cabin which features a medium-pitch gable roof, a deep overhang supported on log posts above the cabin entrance, horizontal log construction and a formal arrangement of openings consisting of an asymmetrically placed door, and a twelve-light, horizontal sliding window on each elevation;

· the use of natural, local materials consistent with the principles of rustic architecture such as the horizontally laid, peeled logs of common dimension and the traditional sawn wood shingle roof; and,

· the well-executed rustic detailing such as the saddle-notched corners and the tight carefully scribed connections which produce straight, smooth, even-size log walls.

The manner in which the building reinforces the picturesque character of the setting as evidenced in:

· the compatibility of the building’s rustic form, natural materials and rustic detailing with the picturesque setting consisting of trees, a sub-alpine meadow and the nearby Takakkaw Falls.

For guidance on interventions, please refer to the FHBRO Code of Practice. For further information contact FHBRO.

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