PORT AU CHOIX NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE

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Introduction

cal and artefactual data has shown that sealskin work- connect the outdoor area between Houses 17 and 18. ing was an important activity at the site and at nearby Results Bass Pond (Bell et al. 2005, Renouf and Bell 2008,

2008 FIELD SEASON AT PHILLIP'S GARDEN, which we interpreted as evidence of outdoor activities (Renouf 2007).

In the context of these results, the objective of the 2008 field season was to excavate a large area outside House 17 (Fig. 1). Specifically we were interested in identifying where the preliminary stages of sealskin n 2005 and 2006 the Port au Choix Archaeology processing might have taken place, assuming that at ⚠ Project re-excavated Houses 17 and 18, two dwell- least the initial stages of this activity occurred outings originally investigated by Elmer Harp of Dart- doors. In addition to recording features and artefacts mouth College (Harp 1976). These re-excavations have we did preliminary soil sampling for multi-chemical led to important new information about the large size analysis. We are interested in determining if there are and substantial construction of at least some Phillip's any areas outside House 17 where the soil has an an-Garden dwellings (Cogswell 2006, Renouf 2006, Re- omalously high marine signature. This was the first of nouf in press). In addition, investigation of palynologi- a planned two seasons of excavation to expose and

We excavated 34 m², first removing a signifi-Knapp 2008). Investigations at House 17 included a cant midden deposit. We excavated part of this desmall area outside the house where we found an exten- posit in 2007 where it is dated at 1450±40 BP (Beta sive area of anomalous mottled soil and other features 238478). A large amount of faunal material and numer-

Figure 1: Excavation areas centred on House 18, one half of House 17, and the area between them (outlined in blue). We excavated 34 m² of this 50 m² area. The irregular shapes within the three excavation areas are features of various kinds, not described here (Renouf)

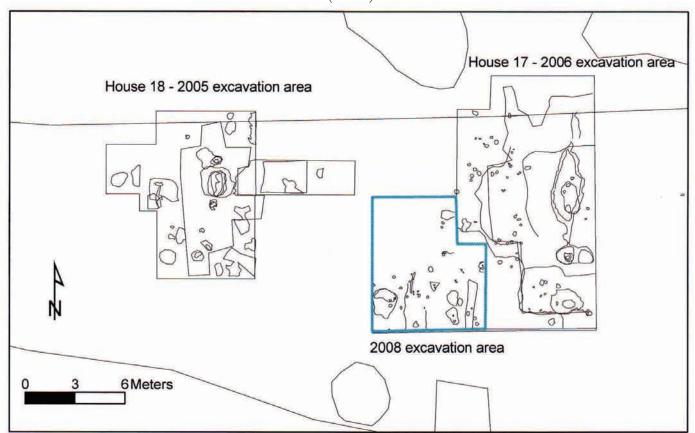




Figure 2: A complete soapstone bowl found in the midden (Renouf)



Figure 3: A series of medium-sized, paired post-holes with possible shape of a structure out-lined in red string. Insert shows close-up of one pair of post-holes (Renouf)

ous artefacts were found (Fig. 2).

Beneath the midden there was evidence of cultural activities outside House 17: (1) continuation of the mottled soil mentioned above which has been dated to 1610±40 (Beta 238478) which we hypothesize is sand impregnated with organic material, perhaps seal fat, (2) an outdoor axial feature dated to 1750±40 (Beta 238477), (3) a number of pits and (4) sets of large, medium and small post-holes which we believe outline at least four small structures (Fig. 3). While we have not yet identified the nature of the structures, some might be racks and others might be storage areas.

Soil samples were taken every 50 cm and a subset has been sent off for analysis (Fig. 4)

Conclusions

The results of the 2008 field season indicate that there are a number of outdoor structures associated with at least one large dwelling at Phillip's Garden, House 17. This suggests that there may be similar activity areas outside other Phillip's Garden dwellings. With these preliminary results we continue to fill in the cultural details of this intensively occupied site.

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Figure 4: Don Butler processing soil samples (Renouf)

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