FUNDY NATIONAL PARK
NEW BRUNSWICK • CANADA
Souvenir
OF THE
OFFICIAL OPENING
OF
FUNDY
NATIONAL PARK
New Brunswick

Nineteen Hundred and Fifty

NATIONAL PARKS AND
HISTORIC SITES SERVICE
Department of Resources and Development
OTTAWA, CANADA
FOREWORDS

BY THE HONOURABLE ROBERT H. WINTERS
Minister of Resources and Development
OTTAWA, CANADA

Fundy National Park is the newest link in a chain of nationally-owned playgrounds stretching from the heart of the Selkirk Mountains in Western Canada to the rugged coast of Cape Breton Island on our eastern seaboard.

This delightful area of well-wooded, well-watered landscape and scenic seascape is the gift of the government and people of New Brunswick to the Canadian people as a whole. Its location, overlooking the magnificent Bay of Fundy that has always occupied a place of importance in the history and development of this continent, is a happy choice. Its name, selected as a result of an essay competition held throughout New Brunswick schools at the request of the Premier, The Honourable J. B. McNair, seems very appropriate indeed.

Fundy National Park will add immensely to the recreational facilities of the Province of New Brunswick; its benefits will be shared by Canadians from every province and their friends from other lands.

It is the intention of the Government of Canada to develop and maintain this superb area in such a manner that its natural attractions may be preserved for the enjoyment of future generations.

BY THE HONOURABLE JOHN B. McNAIR
Premier of New Brunswick

Fundy National Park has been developed in an area typical of the Province of New Brunswick.

Our maritime tradition is represented by the Bay of Fundy which washes the shores of the park. Inland, mighty forests and sparkling lakes and streams combine to produce an effect of rugged and unspoiled beauty upon which much of the fame of this province as a vacationland has been based.

New Brunswick, and Canada as a whole, might well feel proud of this latest addition to the national parks of our country. The achievement in constructing and developing the 80 square mile area into a playground for the use of Canadians and their guests from other lands is a noteworthy one.

The fame of Fundy National Park will, I am confident, spread far and wide in the years to come as one of Canada’s showplaces. Let us hope that it will ever remain as a symbol of our heritage and as an invitation to all men of good will to find there the peace and relaxation so urgently sought in these days of increasing tension.
"For healing of the winds among the pines,
The stilling beauty of the clear new moon,
The strength of hills, the joy of singing streams,
Take any road at hand, to Out-of-doors."

CARMAN
"By the stir of creation, the drama of seasons beguiled; Sanctuary and solace he found in the heart of the wild."

ROBERTS

The park is a sanctuary for all wildlife

Beaver house by a rocky island on Bennett Lake

Salmon pool on Point Wolf River
The 9-hole golf course follows the contours of the southern slope of the park, overlooking the Bay of Fundy.
"Among the sunlight shadows I can see
That still perfection from the world withdrawn,
As if the wood-gods had arrested there
Immortal beauty in her breathless flight."

CARMAN
"October's peace hath fallen on everything,
In the far west, above the pine-crowned hill,
With red and purple yet the heavens thrill—
The passing of the sun remembering."

SHERMAN

Autumn scenes rivalling the sunset's brightest hues...
The park provides a commanding view of the coastal area.

Cottages of French chalet design for park visitors.

"A cottage small"—but very artistic.

The little lake in the headquarters area is deep spring-fed.

Panoramic view of Bennett Lake.
Eastern brook trout provide sport for the angler in Tracy Lake.

Site for the sports field at park headquarters.

"Where trees are tall
Hear where young birds hold their high festival;
And see where shallow waters know thy peace." . . .

Lake View, near the park’s western entrance, has a sylvan setting.
"Come with me further still
Where, in the sight of the sea,
This garden liveth under mellow skies;
Is not this place a pleasant one for thee?"

SHERMAN
Village of Alma—eastern entrance to the park

Morning mist over the Bay of Fundy
Flower-carpeted meadows, forest-clad hills—and always the tang of the sea air . . . .

"O rocks, O fir tree brave,
O grass and sea!
Your strength is mine, and you
Endure with me."

ROBERTS

Rocky shoreline of the Bay of Fundy—Owl Head in the background
Looking downstream from Point Wolf River bridge

Quotations appearing in this booklet are excerpts from the verses of three of New Brunswick’s great poets—Bliss Carman, Sir Charles G. D. Roberts and Francis Joseph Sherman.

Wild flowers add colour and fragrance to the landscape
The new wing shown on the left of this picture is named the "John Clarence Webster Wing" in honour of the late Dr. Webster, who was Chairman of the Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada and one of New Brunswick's most notable sons.
NOVA SCOTIA

FORTRESS OF LOUISBOURG. National Historic Park with museum near Louisbourg. Ruins of walled city erected by the French 1720-40. Interesting excavations. Established 1941; area, 340 acres.

FORT ROYAL. National Historic Park at Lower Granville. Restoration of "Habitation" or first fort built in 1605 by Champlain, DeMonts and Poutrincourt. Established 1941; area, 17 acres.

FORT ANNE. National Historic Park with museum at Annapolis Royal. Well preserved earthworks. Established 1917; area, 31 acres.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
Coastal strip 25 miles long on shores of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Recreational area; fine bathing beaches. Accessible by highway. Hotel and bungalow cabin accommodation within and adjacent to park. Equipped campground. Established in 1937; area, 7 square miles.

NEW BRUNSWICK
FORT BEAUSEJOUR. National Historic Park with museum near Sackville, Site of early French fort. Established 1926; area, 81 acres.

FUNDY. Delightful recreational area on the Bay of Fundy between the cities of Saint John and Moncton. Forested region, wildlife sanctuary, rugged terrain. Established 1948; area, approximately 80 square miles.

QUEBEC
FORT CHAMBLY. National Historic Park with museum at Chambly. First built by the French, 1665. Established 1941; area, 2.5 acres.

FORT LENNOX. National Historic Park on Ile-aux-Noix between the cities of Chambly and DeMonts. Established 1941; area, 2.5 acres.

FORT ANNE. National Historic Park with museum at Annapolis Royal. Well preserved earthworks. Established 1917; area, 31 acres.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
Coastal strip 25 miles long on shores of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Recreational area; fine bathing beaches. Accessible by highway. Hotel and bungalow cabin accommodation within and adjacent to park. Equipped campground. Established in 1937; area, 7 square miles.

NEW BRUNSWICK
FORT BEAUSEJOUR. National Historic Park with museum near Sackville, Site of early French fort. Established 1926; area, 81 acres.

FUNDY. Delightful recreational area on the Bay of Fundy between the cities of Saint John and Moncton. Forested region, wildlife sanctuary, rugged terrain. Established 1948; area, approximately 80 square miles.

QUEBEC
FORT CHAMBLY. National Historic Park with museum at Chambly. First built by the French, 1665. Established 1941; area, 2.5 acres.

FORT LENNOX. National Historic Park on Ile-aux-Noix between the cities of Chambly and DeMonts. Established 1941; area, 2.5 acres.

FORT ANNE. National Historic Park with museum at Annapolis Royal. Well preserved earthworks. Established 1917; area, 31 acres.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
Coastal strip 25 miles long on shores of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Recreational area; fine bathing beaches. Accessible by highway. Hotel and bungalow cabin accommodation within and adjacent to park. Equipped campground. Established in 1937; area, 7 square miles.

NEW BRUNSWICK
FORT BEAUSEJOUR. National Historic Park with museum near Sackville, Site of early French fort. Established 1926; area, 81 acres.

FUNDY. Delightful recreational area on the Bay of Fundy between the cities of Saint John and Moncton. Forested region, wildlife sanctuary, rugged terrain. Established 1948; area, approximately 80 square miles.

QUEBEC
FORT CHAMBLY. National Historic Park with museum at Chambly. First built by the French, 1665. Established 1941; area, 2.5 acres.

FORT LENNOX. National Historic Park on Ile-aux-Noix between the cities of Chambly and DeMonts. Established 1941; area, 2.5 acres.

FORT ANNE. National Historic Park with museum at Annapolis Royal. Well preserved earthworks. Established 1917; area, 31 acres.

MANITOBA
RIDING MOUNTAIN. Playground and wildlife sanctuary on summit of Manitoba escarpment. Fine lakes; summer playground and recreational area. Accessible by highway. Hotel and bungalow cabin accommodation, Equipped campgrounds. Established in 1929; area, 1,148 square miles.

FORT PRINCE OF WALES. National Historic Park at Churchill on the shores of Hudson Bay. Ruins of fort built 1733-71. Established 1941; area, 50 acres.

SASKATCHEWAN
PRINCE ALBERT. Forested region dotted with lakes and interlaced with streams. Summer playground and recreational area. Accessible by highway. Hotel and bungalow cabin accommodation, Equipped campgrounds. Established 1947; area, 1,496 square miles.

ALBERTA
BANFF. Magnificent scenic playground in central Rockies. Contains noted resorts, Banff and Lake Louise. Mineral hot springs; summer and winter sports. Accessible by rail, highway and air. Hotel and bungalow cabin accommodation, Equipped campgrounds. Established 1885; area, 2,564 square miles.


ELK ISLAND. Fenced preserve near Edmonton containing a large herd of bison; also deer, elk and moose. Popular recreational area; bungalow cabin accommodation and equipped campgrounds. Accessible by highway. Established 1915; area, 75 square miles.

BRITISH COLUMBIA


GLACIER. Superb alpine region in Selkirk Mountains. Towering peaks, glaciers and forest. Accessible by highway only. Climbing, skiing, camping. Established 1886; area, 521 square miles.


NORTHWEST TERRITORIES
AND ALBERTA
WOOD BUFFALO. Immense region of forests and open plains between Athabasca and Great Slave Lakes. Home of largest remaining herd of bison on the Continent. Other wildlife species abundant. Established 1922; area, 17,300 square miles.